

2.1) \downarrow $F(x,y) = x^2 + y^2 - 1 = 0$ $y(x)$ en entorno de $A(\sqrt{2}/2, -\sqrt{2}/2)$

$F \in C^\infty(\mathbb{R}^2)$

$$F'_y = 2y \Big|_A \neq 0$$

$$F(\sqrt{2}/2, -\sqrt{2}/2) = 0$$

T.F.I $\Rightarrow \exists y(x)$ en el entorno de $A \in \mathbb{R}$. $F(x, y(x)) = 0$.

$$y' = \frac{\partial y}{\partial x} = - \frac{F'_x}{F'_y} = - \frac{2x}{2y} \Big|_A = 1$$

ii) $F = x^3 \log x^2 + y^2 = 0$ en $(1,0)$ $x(y)$?

$$F(1,0) = 0$$

$F \in C^\infty(\mathbb{R}^2)$

$$F'_x \neq 0 =$$

$$3x^2 \log x^2 + x^3 \cdot \frac{2x}{x^2} \Big|_{(1,0)} = 2 \neq 0$$

Se cumplen las hip del T.F.I $\Rightarrow \exists x(y)$ en entorno U de $(1,0)$

$$x'(y) = - \frac{F'_y}{F'_x} = - \frac{2y}{3x^2 \log x^2 + 2x^2} \Big|_{(1,0)} = 0 \quad x'(0) = 0 !!$$

$y=0$ candidato a extremo!

$$x(y) \in C^\infty(U)$$

$x(y)$ free extremo em $y=0$!!

$$x'(0) = 0 !!$$

$$x''(0) ??$$

$$F(x(y), y) = x^3 \log x^2 + y^2 = 0$$

$$F_y = 3x^2 x' \log x^2 + x^3 \frac{2x x'}{x^2} + 2y = 0$$

$$3x^2 \log x^2 \cdot x' + 2x^2 x' + 2y = 0$$

$$F_y = (3x^2 \log x^2 + 2x^2) x' + 2y = 0$$

$$F_{yy} = 0 = \left(6x x' \log x^2 + 3x^2 \frac{1}{x^2} 2x' + 4x x' \right) x' + (3x^2 \log x^2 + 2x^2) x'' + 2$$

↗ $x=1, y=0, x'=0$

$$2x'' + 2 = 0 \quad x''(0) = -1 < 0$$

$$x(y) \in C^{\infty}(U)$$

$$x'(0) = 0 \quad x''(0) < 0 \Rightarrow$$

extremo local em $y=0$.

$$F(x, y, z) = x^2 y + e^x + z = 0$$

$$A(0, y, -1) \quad \forall y \in \mathbb{R}$$

$$F'_x = 2xy + e^x \Big|_{(0, y, -1)} = 1 \neq 0$$

$$x(y, z)$$

$$\text{t.g. } x(y, z) = 0$$

$$F(0, y, z) = z + 1 = 0 \Rightarrow z = -1$$

$$F \in C^\infty(\mathbb{R}^3) \quad \text{TFI} \Rightarrow \exists x(y, z) \text{ em } U$$

$$(U \text{ entorno de } (0, y, -1) \quad \forall y \in \mathbb{R}) \quad \text{t.g.}$$

$$F(x, y, z) = 0$$

x es una fun¹ impl¹ic¹ada $\Rightarrow x \in C^\infty(U)$

$$\frac{\partial F}{\partial y} = 2xy + y^{x+2} + e^x x_y \Big|_A = 0 \Rightarrow x_y = 0$$

$$x(y, z)$$

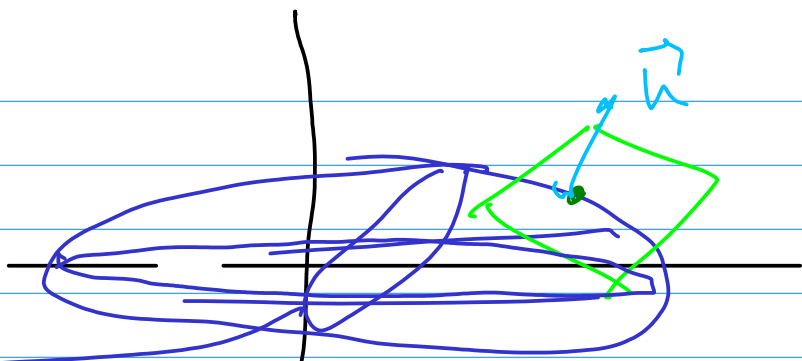
$$\frac{\partial F}{\partial z} = 2x x_z y + e^x x_z + 1 \Big|_A = 0 \Rightarrow x_z = -1$$

$$F = \frac{x^2}{a^2} + \frac{y^2}{b^2} + \frac{z^2}{c^2} - 1 = 0$$

$$z = z(x, y)$$

$$F'_z = \frac{2z}{c^2} \neq 0 \Rightarrow z \neq 0$$

$$\frac{x^2}{a^2} + \frac{y^2}{b^2} = 1$$



$$\vec{n} = (z_x, z_y, -1)$$

$$(x_0, y_0, z_0) \quad z_0 \neq 0$$

$$z_x = - \frac{F'_x}{F'_z} = - \frac{2x c^2}{a^2 2z} = - \frac{x c^2}{z a^2}$$

$$z_y = - \frac{F'_y}{F'_z} = - \frac{y c^2}{z b^2}$$

$$\frac{x_0 c^2}{a^2 z_0} (x - x_0) + \frac{y_0 c^2}{z_0 b^2} (y - y_0) + (z - z_0) = 0$$

$$\frac{x_0}{a^2} (x - x_0) + \frac{y_0}{b^2} (y - y_0) + \frac{z_0}{c^2} (z - z_0) = 0$$

$$z_0 \neq 0$$

y(x, z) ?

$$F'_y = \frac{2y}{b^2} \neq 0 \quad y \neq 0$$

$\nabla F \neq 0 \Rightarrow \exists y(x, z)$. Dif...

$$y_x = - \frac{F'_x}{F'_y} = - \frac{2x c^2}{a^2 2y} = - \frac{x c^2}{a^2 y}, \quad y_z = - \frac{F'_z}{F'_y} = - \frac{2z}{c^2 2y} = - \frac{z}{c^2 y}$$

$$y \neq 0$$

$$\vec{n} = (y_x, y_z, -1) = \left(+ \frac{x_0 b^2}{y_0 a^2}, + \frac{z_0 b^2}{y_0 c^2}, +1 \right) \quad (x-x_0, z-z_0, y-y_0)$$

$$\frac{x_0 b^2}{a^2 y_0} (x-x_0) + \frac{z_0 b^2}{y_0 c^2} (z-z_0) + (y-y_0) = 0$$

$$y_0 \neq 0$$

$$\frac{x_0}{a^2} (x-x_0) + \frac{z_0}{c^2} (z-z_0) + \frac{y_0}{b^2} (y-y_0) = 0$$

Debemos \Rightarrow $X(y, z) \Rightarrow$ comprobad \nearrow $x_0 \neq 0$